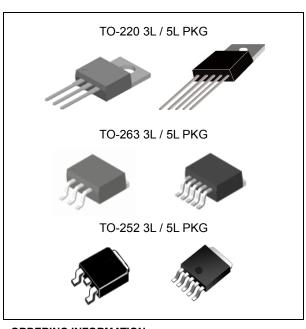
#### **FEATURES**

- High Current Capability 1.5A
- Low Dropout Voltage 350mV
- Low Ground Current
- Accurate 1% Guaranteed Initial Tolerance
- Extremely Fast Transient Response
- Reverse-Battery and "Load Dump" Protection
- Zero-Current Shutdown Mode(5-Pin Version)
- Error Flag Signals Output out-of-Regulation (5-Pin Version)
- Also Characterized For Smaller Loads With Industry
   -Leading Performance specifications
- Fixed Voltage and Adjustable Versions
- Moisture Sensitivity Level 3

## **APPLICATION**

- Battery Powered Equipment
- High-Efficiency " Green" Computer System
- Automotive Electronics
- High-Efficiency Linear Power Supplies
- High-Efficiency Post-Regulator For Switching Supply



#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Package
TO-220 3L / 5L
TO-263 3L / 5L
TO-252 3L / 5L
10-232 3L / 3L

X.X = Output Voltage = 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, 3.3, 5.0, 12

#### DESCRIPTION

The LM29150, LM29151 and LM29152 are high current, high accuracy, and low-dropout voltage regulators. Using process with a PNP pass element, these regulators feature 350mV (full load) dropout voltages and very low ground current. These devices also find applications in lower current, low dropout-critical systems, where their tiny dropout voltage and ground current values are important attributes.

The LM29150, LM29151 and LM29152 are fully protected against over current faults, reversed input polarity, reversed lead insertion, over temperature operation, and positive and negative transient voltage spikes. LM29151 features logic level enable control and an error flag which signals whenever the output falls out of regulation. On the LM29151 and LM29152, the ENABLE pin may be tied to Vin if it is not required for ON/OFF control.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Supply Voltage <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub>	- 20	+ 60	V
Enable Input Voltage <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	$V_{EN}$	- 20	+ 60	V
Lead Temperature(Soldering, 5 sec)	T <sub>SOL</sub>	-	260	$^{\circ}$ C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	- 65	+ 150	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$

# **Recommended Operating Ratings** (Note 2)

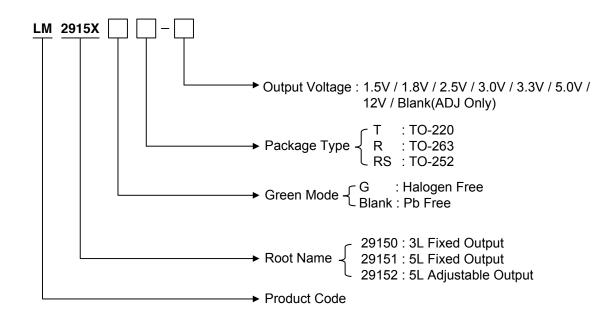
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-	+ 26	V
Operating Enable Input Voltage	V <sub>EN</sub>	-	+ 26	V
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	- 40	+ 125	${\mathbb C}$

## **Ordering Information**

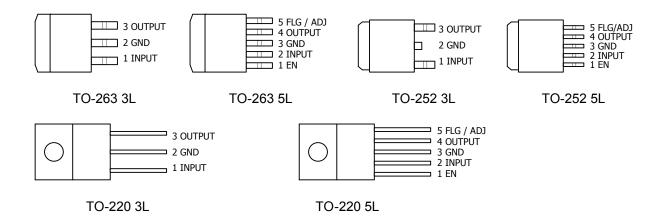
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Package	Order No.	Description	Supplied As	Status
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-1.5	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-1.5	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
1 5 \/	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-1.5	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
1.5 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-1.5	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-1.5	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-1.5	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-1.8	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-1.8	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
1.8 V	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-1.8	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
1.0 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-1.8	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-1.8	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-1.8	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-2.5	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-2.5	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
2.5 V	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-2.5	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
2.5 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-2.5	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-2.5	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-2.5	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-3.0	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-3.0	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
3.0 V	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-3.0	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
3.0 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-3.0	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-3.0	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-3.0	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-3.3	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-3.3	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
3.3 V	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-3.3	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
3.3 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-3.3	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-3.3	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-3.3	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active

## **Ordering Information**

V <sub>OUT</sub>	Package	Order No.	Description	Supplied As	Status
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-5.0	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-5.0	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
5.0 V	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-5.0	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
5.0 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-5.0	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-5.0	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-5.0	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	LM29150T-12	1.5A, Fixed	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29151T-12	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Tube	Active
12 V	TO-263 3L	LM29150R-12	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
12 V	TO-263 5L	LM29151R-12	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	LM29150RS-12	1.5A, Fixed	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29151RS-12	1.5A, Fixed, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 5L	LM29152T	1.5A, Adjustable, Enable	Tube	Active
AD.	TO-263 5L	LM29152R	1.5A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Active
ADJ	TO-252 5L	LM29152RS	1.5A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	LM29152GRS	1.5A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Active



## **PIN CONFIGURATION**

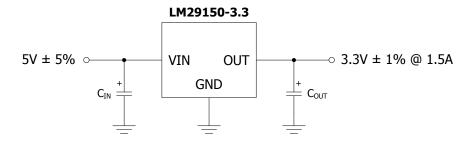


## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

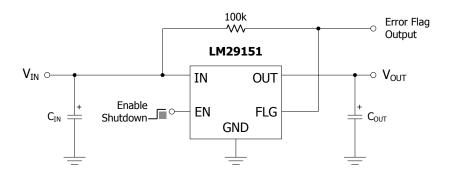
Pin No.	TO-220 / TO-263 / TO-252 3L (for LM29150)		TO-220 / TO-263 / TO-252 5L (for LM29151/2)		
PIII NO.	Name	Function	Name	Function	
1	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Supply	EN	Chip Enable	
2	GND	Ground	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Supply	
3	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	GND	Ground	
4	-	-	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	
5	-	-	FLG / ADJ	Error Flag Output or Output Adjust	

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

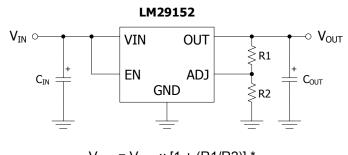
- Typical Fixed Output Application



- Typical Fixed Output Application with Error Flag



- Typical Adjustable Output Application



 $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} x [1 + (R1/R2)] *$ 

<sup>\*</sup> For best results, the total series resistance should be small enough to pass the minimum regulator load current.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $I_{OUT}$  =100mA,  $T_J$ =25  $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified. **Bold** values are guaranteed across the operating temperature range. Adjustable versions are programmed to 5.0V.

LM29150/29151/29152 Common Specification

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
		I <sub>O</sub> = 10mA	-1		1	
V <sub>ОИТ</sub>	Output Voltage	$ 10\text{mA} \le I_0 \le \ I_{FL}, $ $ (V_{OUT} + 1V) \le V_{IN} \le 26V^{(Note\ 2)} $	-2		2	%
$\Delta V_{LINE}$	Line Regulation	$I_{O}$ = 10mA, $(V_{OUT}+1V) \le V_{IN} \le 26V$		0.06	0.5	%
$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+5V$ , $10\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le I_{FULLOAD}$ (Note 2.6)		0.2	1	%
ΔVο/ΔΤ	Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient	Output Voltage (Note 6), Temp. Coefficient		20	100	ppm/° <sup>ℂ</sup>
V <sub>DO</sub>	Dropout Voltage	$\Delta V_{OUT} = -1\%$ , (Note 3) $I_{O} = 100 \text{mA}$ $I_{O} = 750 \text{mA}$ $I_{O} = 1.5 \text{A}$		80 220 350	200 600	mV
I <sub>GND</sub>	Ground Current	I <sub>O</sub> =750mA, V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V I <sub>O</sub> =1.5A		8 22	20	mA
I <sub>GNDDO</sub>	Ground Pin Current at Dropout	$V_{\text{IN}}$ =0.5V less than specified $V_{\text{OUT}}$ , $I_{\text{OUT}}$ =10mA		2		mA
I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	Current Limit	LM29150, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V <sup>(Note 4)</sup>		2.1	3.5	Α
e <sub>n</sub>	Output Noise Voltage (10Hz to 100kHz) I <sub>L</sub> = 100mA	C <sub>L</sub> =10μF C <sub>L</sub> =33μF		400 260		μVRMS

## Flag Output (Error Comparator) LM29151

IFLG (leak)	Output Leakage Current	V <sub>OH</sub> =26V		0.01	1.00 <b>2.00</b>	μА
VFLG (do)	Output Low Voltage	Device set for 5V. $V_{IN}$ =4.5V $I_{OL}$ =250 $\mu$ A		220	300 <b>400</b>	mV
	Upper Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (Note 9)	40 <b>25</b>	60		mV
VFLG	Lower Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (Note 9)		75	95 <b>140</b>	mV
	Hysteresis	Device set for 5V (Note 9)		15		mV

#### Reference LM29152

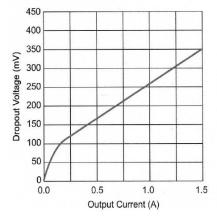
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage		1.228 <b>1.215</b>	1.24	1.252 <b>1.265</b>	V
		(Note 8)	1.203		1.277	V
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjust Pin Bias Current			40	80 120	nA
	Reference Voltage Temp. Coefficient	(Note 7)		20		ppm/℃
	Adjust Pin Bias Current Temp. Coefficient			0.1		n <b>A</b> /℃

#### Enable Input LM29151 / LM29152

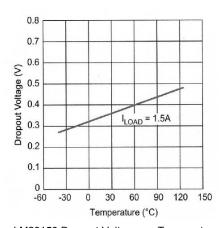
V <sub>EN</sub>	Enable Input Voltage	Logic Low (Off) Logic High (On)	2.4		0.8	V
	Endly Birds (10 mod	V <sub>EN</sub> =26V		100	600 750	μΑ
I <sub>EN</sub>	Enable Pin Input Current	V <sub>EN</sub> =0.8V			2.5 <b>5</b>	μΑ
	Regulator Output Current in Shutdown	(Note 10)		10	500	μΑ

- Note 1. Maximum positive supply voltage of 60V must be of limited duration (<100msec) and duty cycle(≤1%). The maximum continuous supply voltage is 26V.
- Note 2. Full load current (I<sub>FL</sub>) is defined as 1.5A.
- Note 3. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential when the output voltage drops to 99% of its nominal value with  $V_{OUT}$  to  $V_{IN}$ .
- Note 4.  $V_{IN}$  =  $V_{OUT}$ (nominal) +1V. For example, use  $V_{IN}$  = 4.3V for a 3.3V regulator or use 6V for a 5V regulator. Employ pulse-testing procedures to minimize temperature rise.
- Note 5. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the source is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
- Note 6. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
- Note 7. Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 200mA load pulse at  $V_{IN}$  = 20V (a 4W pulse) for T= 10ms.
- Note 8.  $V_{REF} \leq V_{OUT} \leq (V_{IN}$  -1V), 2.3V  $\leq V_{IN} \leq$  26V, 10mA <  $I_L <$   $I_{FL}$ ,  $T_J <$   $T_J$  Max.
- Note 9. Comparator thresholds are expressed in terms of a voltage differential at the Adjust terminal below the nominal reference voltage measured at. 6V input. To express these thresholds in terms of output voltage change, multiply by the error amplifier gain = V<sub>OUT</sub> / V<sub>REF</sub> = (R1 +R2)/R2. For example, at a programmed output voltage of 5V, the Error output is guaranteed to go low when the output drops by 95mV x 5V/ 1.240V 384mV. Thresholds remain constant as a percent of V<sub>OUT</sub> as V<sub>OUT</sub> is varied, with the dropout warining occurring at typically 5% below nominal, 7.7% guaranteed.
- Note 10.  $V_{EN}~\leq~0.8V$  and  $V_{IN}~\leq\!26V,\,V_{OUT}$  =0.
- Note 11. When used in dual supply system where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

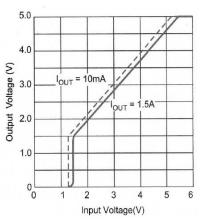
### TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS



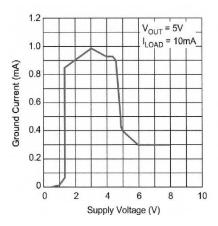
LM29150 Dropout Voltage vs, Output



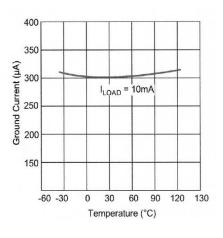
LM29150 Dropout Voltage vs, Temperature



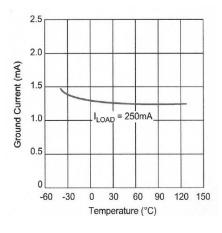
LM29150-5.0 Dropout Characteristics



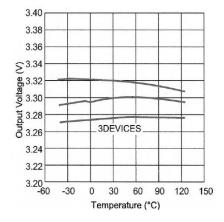
LM29150 Ground Current vs, Supply Voltage



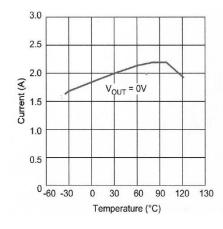
LM29150 Ground Current vs, Temperature



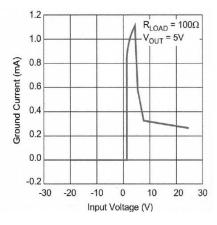
LM29150 Ground Current vs, Temperature



LM29150-3.3 Output Voltage vs. Temperature



LM29150-3.3 Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature



LM29150 Ground Current vs. Input Voltage

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

The LM29150 are high performance low-dropout voltage regulators suitable for all moderate to high current voltage regulator applications. Their 350mV dropout voltage at full load makes them especially valuable in battery powered systems and as high efficiency noise filters in "post-regulator" applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited merely by the low  $V_{CE}$  saturation voltage.

The LM29150 family of regulators is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current Limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current under overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the  $125\,^{\circ}$ C maximum safe operating temperature. Transient protection allows device survival even when the input voltage spikes between -20V and +60V. When the input voltage exceeds about 35V to 40V, the over voltage sensor temporarily disables the regulator.

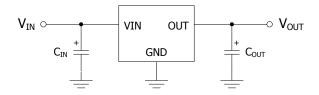


Figure 1. Linear regulators require only two capacitors for operation.

#### **Thermal Design**

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>
- Output Current,  $I_{\text{OUT}}$
- Output Voltage, V<sub>OUT</sub>
- Input Voltage, VIN

First, we calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet.

$$P_D = I_{OUT}(1.01V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$$

Where the ground current is approximated by 1% of  $I_{OUT}$ . Then the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_A}{P_D} - \left(\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS}\right)$$

#### **Capacitor Requirements**

For stability and minimum output noise, a capacitor on the regulator output is necessary. The value of this capacitor is dependent upon the output current; lower currents allow smaller capacitors. LM29150 regulators are stable with the 10uF minimum capacitor values at full load. Where the regulator is powered from a source with a high AC impedance, a 0.1uF capacitor connected between input and GND is recommended. This capacitor should have good characteristics to above 250kHz.

#### **Minimum Load Current**

The LM29150 regulators are specified between finite loads. If the output is too small, leakage currents is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. The 5mA minimum load current swamps any expected leakage current across the operating temperature range.

#### Adjustable Regulator Design

The adjustable regulator versions, LM29152 allows programming the output voltage anywhere between 1.25V and the 25V maximum operating rating of the family.

Two resistors are used. Resistors can be quite large, up to  $1M\Omega$ , because of the very high input impedance and low bias current of the sense comparator: The resistor values are calculated by:

$$R1=R2(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}}-1)$$

Where  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  is desired output voltage, Figure 2 shows component definition. Applications with widely varying load currents may scale the resistors to draw the minimum load current required for proper operation.

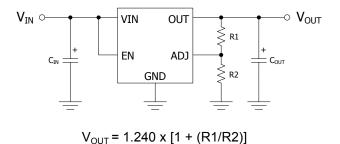


Figure 2. Adjustable Regulator with Resistors

#### **Error Flag**

LM29151 versions feature and Error Flag, which looks at the output voltage and signals and error condition when this voltage and signals an error condition when this voltage drops 5% below its expected value. The error flag is an open-collector output that pulls low under fault conditions. It may sink 10mA. Low output voltage signifies a number of possible problems, including an over-current fault (the device is in current limit) and low input voltage. The flag output is inoperative during over temperature shutdown conditions.

## **Enable input**

LM29151 and LM29152 versions feature and enable (EN) input that allows ON/OFF control of the device. Special design allows "zero" current drain when the device is disabled-only microamperes of leakage current flows. The EN input has TTL/CMOS compatible thresholds for simple interfacing with logic, or may be directly tied to  $\leq$  30V. Enabling the regulator requires approximately 20uA of current.

## **REVISION NOTICE**

The description in this datasheet can be revised without any notice to describe its electrical characteristics properly.